## Medicaid Update

University of Texas School of Law

23<sup>rd</sup> Annual Estate Planning, Guardianship and Elder Law Conference

Webcast, August 5, 2021

H. Clyde Farrell & Meredith A. Sullivan

Farrell & Johnson PLLC • 1000 Mopac Circle • Austin, Texas 78746 • p (512) 323-2977

This information is not legal advice and does not fit any particular person's factual situation. No attorney-client relationship is created by this document. This presentation is a summary only; it is incomplete and presents only a partial set of facts, strategies and law. If you seek legal or other professional advice on any topic addressed here, you must retain the service of a competent attorney.

1

Medicaid Update

#### The Current HHSC Policies on IRAs

- Annuities within IRAs are exempt (from counting as resources)
- IRAs with Required Minimum Distributions are exempt

Page 1



#### Sources of Law of the HHSC Policies on IRAs

- There are no sources of law.
- Federal Medicaid law does not require any of these exemptions.
- No state statute, rule or written policy requires them—except for the slides and memo in Appendices 2 and 3 of our paper, obtained by Public Information Request.
- Therefore, they can change at any time without notice.

Page 1, HHS Slides & Memo in Appendices 2-3, pages 30-33



FARRELL & JOHNSON PLLC

3

Medicaid Update

### Annuities within IRAs are exempt—what we know

- Only annuities can be exempt, unless there is RMD.
- Only IRAs get this treatment. Assets in a 401k, 403b, 457 or other retirement account must be rolled over into an IRA for exemption.
- Spousal impoverishment case strategy: "Spend down" by rolling over retirement account assets without RMD into a deferred annuity in an IRA
- Reinvestment in a deferred annuity will make any Traditional IRA exempt even if there is no RMD-e.g. owner is too young to have RMD and it is participatory (not inherited) Page 2



#### IRAs with RMD are exempt-what we know

- After SECURE ACT: RMD begins in year in which IRA owner reaches age 72, if born on or after July 1, 1949; otherwise (if older), in year the owner reaches age 70 ½
- Younger retirement account owners can always make the account exempt by rolling over to an IRA & investing in a deferred annuity.
- Same policy applies to applicants and community spouses.

Pages 3-4



\_

Medicaid Update

# IRAs with RMD are exempt-what we know continued

- · RMD is "income" both for eligibility and copayment
- RMD countable as income in any given month is computed by dividing annual RMD by 12
- RMD is determined by HHSC by reviewing a statement by the IRA custodian (not from your citations and calculations)
- RMD is counted as "non-resource produced income" when an enhanced SPRA is calculated (so often blocks that benefit)
- All inherited IRAs are exempt, because all have RMDs
- RMD is not reduced by amount paid as income tax Pages 3-4





Find the full text of this and thousands of other resources from leading experts in dozens of legal practice areas in the <u>UT Law CLE eLibrary (utcle.org/elibrary)</u>

Title search: Medicaid Update

Also available as part of the eCourse Answer Bar: Elder Law and Medicaid Essentials

First appeared as part of the conference materials for the  $23^{\rm rd}$  Annual Estate Planning, Guardianship and Elder Law Conference session "Medicaid Update"