



ROCHELLE'S DAILY WIRE

Splits and Confounding Issues Destined for the Supreme Court

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Supreme Court



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Decisions This Term



The Supreme Court's unanimous opinion avoids saying whether the dual system of U.S. Trustees and Bankruptcy Administrators is itself unconstitutional.

2018 Increase in U.S. Trustee Fees Held Unconstitutional by the Supreme Court

The Supreme Court ruled unanimously on June 6 that the increase in fees payable to the U.S. Trustee system in 2018 violated the uniformity aspect of the Bankruptcy Clause of the Constitution because it was not immediately applicable in the two states with Bankruptcy Administrators rather than U.S. Trustees.

The opinion for the Court by Justice Sonia Sotomayor said that the Uniformity Clause “is not a straightjacket: Congress retains flexibility to craft legislation that responds to different regional circumstances that arise in the bankruptcy system.” She remanded for lower courts to determine the proper remedy.

Although Justice Sotomayor pointedly said that her opinion “does not today address the constitutionality of the dual scheme of the bankruptcy system itself,” some of her language could be read to imply that the dual system is constitutionally questionable.

The Fee Structure's History

Justice Sotomayor recounted how U.S. Trustees were originally a pilot program after the adoption of the Bankruptcy Code in 1978. In 1986, Congress expanded the program nationwide, but not in North Carolina and Alabama, where she said there was “resistance from stakeholders.” Courts in those states retained their Bankruptcy Administrators.

The U.S. Trustee system was designed to be self-funding, with fees paid by chapter 11 debtors in 48 states. Originally, Congress did not require user fees in the two exempted states. After the Ninth Circuit held in 1995 that the dual system was unconstitutional in view of the disparate fees, Congress rewrote the law to say that the Judicial Conference “may” requires fees in Bankruptcy Administrator districts to be equal to those in the other 48 states.

Fees in all states were the same until Congress raised the fees in January 2018 for the U.S. Trustee system. Justice Sotomayor said the increase was “significant.”

The Judicial Conference did raise the fees in the two other states effective in October 2018. There were two differences, Justice Sotomayor said.

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