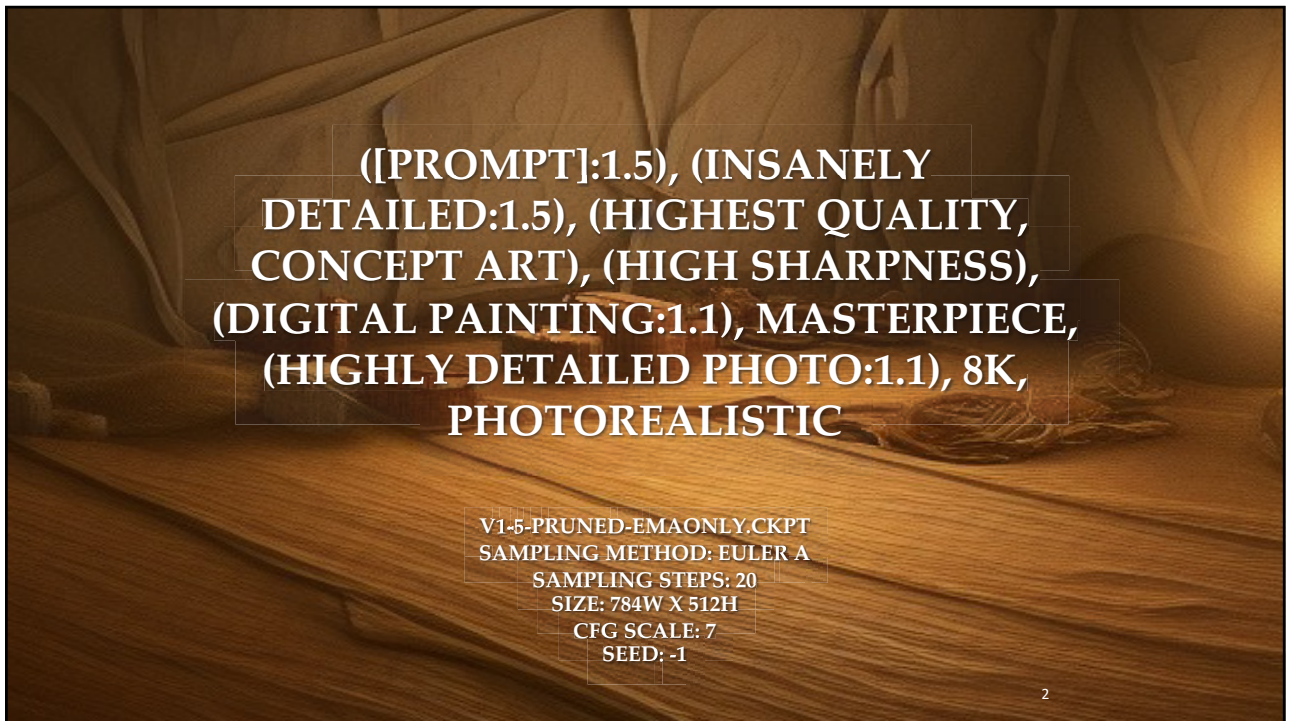




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<p><b>CFAA</b></p> <p>“Whoever ... intentionally accesses a computer without authorization or exceeds authorized access, and thereby obtains ... information from any protected computer ... shall be punished”</p> <p>18 U.S.C. § 1030(a)(2)(C)</p>	
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## CFAA

“[T]he term ‘exceeds authorized access’ means to access a computer with authorization and to use such access to obtain or alter information in the computer that the accessor is not entitled so to obtain or alter.”

18 U.S.C. § 1030(a)(2)(C)

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## *Van Buren* (2021)

“Van Buren’s account of subsection (a)(2) makes sense of the statutory structure because it treats the ‘without authorization’ and ‘exceeds authorized access’ clauses consistently. ... [L]iability under both clauses stems from a gates-up-or-down inquiry—one either can or cannot access a computer system, and one either can or cannot access certain areas within the system.”

*Van Buren v. US*, 141 S.Ct. 1648 (2021)



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